

Textbook: VIVID Communication English II
 Lesson 1 Pictograms – Useful Signs on Streets
 Grammar point: Passive Voice (be+p.p.)

John and Ashbea	Power Point	Words to add
<p>Hello, everyone! I'm Ashbea (And I'm John) and we are your ALTs today. We have an interesting lesson for you today, so let's get started!</p> <p>OK. Open your textbook to page 10. Do you remember the title of Lesson 1? Right Pictograms Who knows what pictograms are? Let's take a look at the word to help us understand. Picto stands for pictures Gram stands for words</p> <p>So a pictogram is a picture that represents words or ideas.</p> <p>Let's take a look at our review questions.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Where do we often see signs? 2. What are pictograms for? <p>Good! Today, we are focusing on the grammar point from this lesson.</p>	<p>Announcement</p> <p>*textbook</p> <p>Title and</p> <p>Picture of Pictograms on page 9</p> <p>Picto = 絵 Gram = 文字</p> <p>On the street</p> <p>They serve as a means of communication</p>	

<p>Let's look at this sentence. (Passive voice)</p> <p>This is an example of passive voice. In a passive-voice sentence, the subject (Pictograms) is the receiver of the action (are used...). But why do we use the passive voice? Let's look at the same sentence in active voice to get a better idea.</p> <p>This is an example of active voice. In active sentences, both the subject (people) and the direct object (pictograms) are important. But what's the title of Lesson 1? Yes, Pictograms! Pictograms are the most important part of this sentence, not people. That's where passive voice is helpful. We use passive voice to focus on the important information.</p> <p><i>Using passive voice makes sense when the noun performing the action is not important, unknown, or obvious. So how do we write in passive voice?</i></p> <p>Most passive-voice sentences have the same structure. The subject, followed by a "be" verb, and then a past participle. Here are two</p>	<p>Pictograms <u>are used</u> not only in Japan but in other countries.</p> <p>People use pictograms not only in Japan but also in other countries.</p> <p>Pictograms <u>are used</u> not only in Japan but in other countries.</p> <p><i>We can use passive voice when the noun performing the action is</i> <i>NOT IMPORTANT /</i> <i>UNKNOWN / OBVIOUS</i></p> <p>SUBJECT / "BE" VERB / PAST PARTICIPLE</p>	<p>Passive voice 受動態</p> <p>主語を強調したいときに受動態を使う</p>
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examples. "The mail was delivered."

Let's take a look at dialog that uses passive voice.

Dialog example:

A: I really want a Nintendo Switch, but I can't find one anywhere!

J: Did you check Rycom?

A: All the stores were closed.

J: How about Yamada Denki?

A: The last Switch was being sold as I arrived.

J: Oh no! I ordered mine on Amazon. It was delivered last week.

How many examples of passive voice did you find in the dialogue? Correct! There were 3 examples.

Great job. Now we are going to practice together.

Look at the worksheet.

1 Which of the following is written in passive voice?

Correct!

Next,

Dialog example:

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(1) Many people like elephants.

(2) People and elephants have been good friends in Thailand

(3) The special hospital was built for elephants.

(4) One elephant (are / was)

<p>Choose the correct verb form.</p> <p>Good job!</p> <p>Now, it will be a little difficult. Make the sentence Passive. Stop the video now, and press play when you are finished.</p> <p>OK! You are doing very well. Now, you have to read the passage, and choose the sentence to change to passive voice. Remember, <i>Using passive voice makes sense when the noun performing the action is not important, unknown, or obvious.</i> Stop the video and choose the sentence and rewrite in passive voice.</p> <p>How did you do? Let's check. Nice job!</p> <p>Now, you will do "practice 2" and the workbook page 2 and 3. you have learned the content and grammar of part 1, so you can do it! Good luck! And see you all at school soon!</p>	<p>kept in the hospital.</p> <p>(5)The elephant is (call / calls / called) Motala.</p> <p>(6) People used Motala for pulling logs in the forest.</p> <p>One day, (a) Motala stepped on a landmine. (b) Motala lost one of her legs.</p> <p>Her owner was sad and (c) he wanted to take her to the elephant hospital.</p> <p>Motala walked 10 kilometers with her three legs. And now (d) people know Motala as the elephant with an artificial leg.</p>	<p>ビデオをとめてやってみよう</p> <p>ビデオをとめてやってみよう</p>
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